Increasing the resilience of Food Systems in Islamic Countries in the face of future crises



14<sup>TH</sup> MEETING OF THE COMCEC AGRICULTUF WORKING GROUP

OVERVIEW OF FOOD SYSTEMS: CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORKS, GLOBAL TRENDS AND BEST PRACTICES

**October 9th, 2019** 

Presented by:

**DinarStandard** 



## **Agenda**

- 1. Project Approach and Methodology
- 2. Conceptual framework
- 3. Global trends & practices

## **Project Approach and Methodology**

## Objectives

The study lays the groundwork for robust policy action and cooperation to strengthen OIC food systems

### **Purpose**

The **purpose** of the study is to provide COMCEC with a benchmarked assessment of how OIC performs on food security, identify areas of weakness and provide a remedial roadmap for governments and stakeholders to follow

#### **Audience**

The primary target audience of the report is the COMCEC Agriculture Working Group Meetings as well as those attending Ministerial Meetings at COMCEC.

## **Objectives**

- Review and analyze issues related to global and OIC vulnerability to food crises
- Explore the drivers of food crises in general and those related to agricultural value chains in particular;
- Identify the strategies used to mitigate, adapt, and increase resilience to mitigate potential future food crises; and
- Provide recommendations for strategies to increase food security resilience for OIC member countries to address future food crises.

# Project Approach and Methodology Methodology

The robust study leveraged comprehensive secondary research, on-the ground interviews and surveys



### **Primary research**



## Secondary research



## Synthesis and customization

### **Expert interviews**

15 in-depth interviews with food security stakeholders across Oman, Niger and Indonesia

### Surveys

Survey of **150 respondents** across the Food and Beverage value chain in the OIC

#### Third party research

Comprehensive review of **40+** sources spanning UNFAO, COMCEC, SESRIC, World Bank and National-level studies

## Proprietary framework development

Development of custom evaluation framework building on our extensive knowledge of Food and Trade

### <u>Unparalled In-house</u> <u>expertise and connectivity</u>

Utilization of extensive inhouse IP on Food, Trade, Halal, backed by extensive team experience

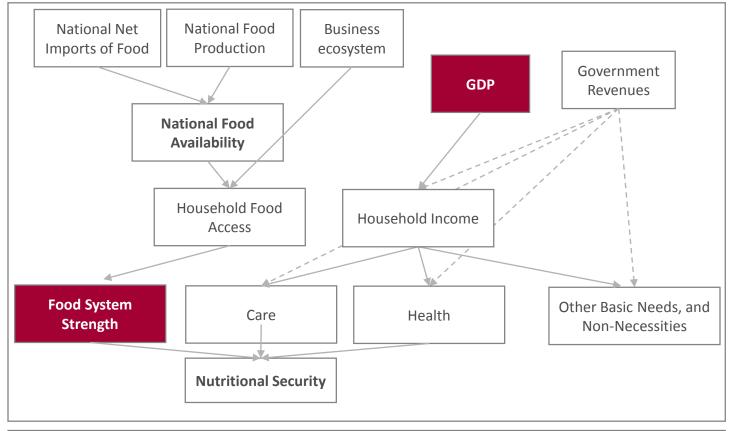
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# Conceptual framework Food and economy

Sustainable food Systems are essential to Economy prosperity – proven empirically

Theoretical Link:

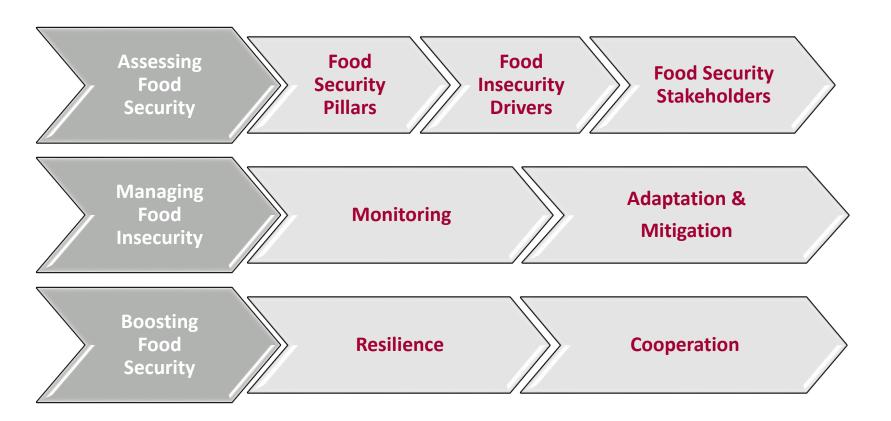


Evidence:

High malnutrition can reduce GDP as much as 4-5%

# Conceptual framework Pillars of stability

Stable Food systems require three core pillars spanning awareness, immediate action and long-term action



# Conceptual framework Knowledge and cooperation

Assessing Food Security is predicated upon sound knowledge and public-private cooperation

Assessing Food Security

Food Security Pillars Food Insecurity Drivers

Food Security Stakeholders

- Availability
  - Food Production
  - Food Reserves
  - Food Imports
- Access
  - Transportation
  - Market Infrastructure
  - Purchasing Power
- Utilization
  - Food Safety
  - Care Feeding Practices
  - Health & Sanitation Conditions
- Stability
  - Stability of Availability
  - Stability of Access
  - Stability of Utilization

- **Economic Drivers**
- Food Price Volatility
- Protectionism
- Scarcity of Resources
- Political Drivers
  - Lack of Governance
  - Political Instability
  - Conflicts
- Environmental Drivers
  - Weather Variability
  - Climate Shocks (Droughts, floods)
- Social Drivers
  - Population Growth
  - Urbanization
  - Vulnerable Groups

- Government Agencies
- Regulators
- Investors & Market
  Participants
- Industry Associations
- Universities & Think
   Tanks
- Non-Governmental Organizations

# Conceptual framework Building stability

Managing and Boosting System stability requires multiple policy-led actions

Managing Food System Stability

#### **Monitoring**

**Adaptation & Mitigation** 

- Agricultural Production Monitoring
- Market Information Monitoring
- Social Monitoring
- Food & Nutrition Surveillance

- Contingency Planning
- Risk & Vulnerability Reduction Measures/Strategies
- Social Protection

Boosting Food System
Stability

#### Resilience

#### Cooperation

- Research and Development
- Diversifying Livelihoods
- Building Human Capital
- Bilateral
- Regional
- International

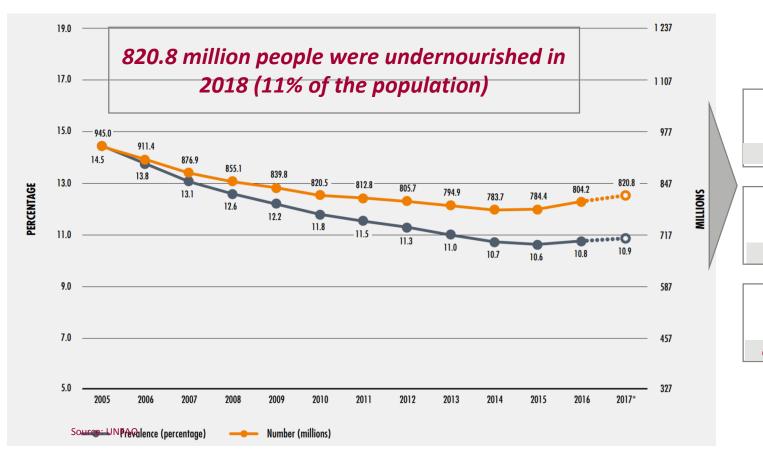
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## Global trends & practices Global food crises

Undernourishment is on the rise, sharpening focus on food system stability

Figure: Undernourished people as % of population and in millions



#### **Primary causes**

Economic

e.g. Price rises - Niger

Political

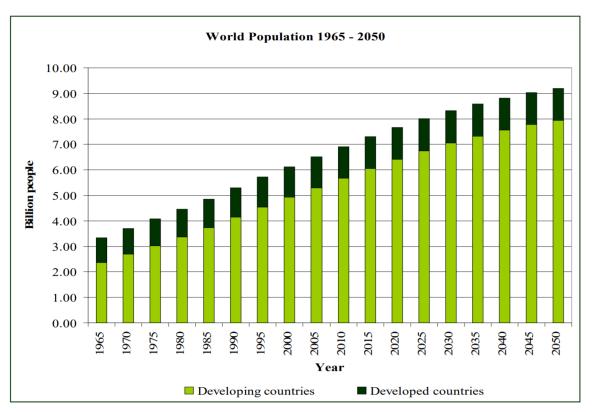
e.g. Conflict - Burma

Environmental

e.g. Flooding - East Africa

## Global trends & practices Future crises?

High risks from substantial population rise is coupled with environmental damage



Source: Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat (2007)

#### **Potential drivers**

Substantial rise in Demand leading to shortages

Climate change reducing agricultural yields

Growing urbanization reducing agricultural land

## **Global trends & practices** Global Leaders

Singapore, Ireland, the U.S. and the UK lead the world in food system strength





Global ranking 🔷	Country	Overall score	Affordability 💠	Availability 🔷	Quality & Safety	
1st	Singapore	85.9	94.3	81.0	78.1	GDP per capita
2nd	Ireland	85.5	87.8	83.6	84.8	ranking
=3rd	United Kingdom	85.0	82.6	88.8	80.4	3 <sup>rd</sup> (Singapore)
=3rd	United States	85.0	86.8	83.2	85.4	5 <sup>th</sup> (Ireland)
5th	Netherlands	84.7	82.8	86.1	85.1	26 <sup>th</sup> (UK)
6th	Australia	83.7	84.3	82.6	85.4	10 <sup>th</sup> (U.S.)
7th	Switzerland	83.5	82.2	86.1	79.8	
8th	Finland	83.3	81.3	84.2	86.0	
9th	Canada	83.2	81.9	84.4	83.0	
10th	France	82.9	80.5	83.8	86.5	

# Global trends & practices Best practices

The U.S. and Ireland are particularly instructive pathways to food system stability

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Examples (not exhaustive)									
Monitoring	Adaptation & mitigation	Resilience	Cooperation						
<ul> <li>Foodborne illness monitoring</li> <li>Household</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>FDA food chain risk assessment</li> <li>15 domestic food and nutrition programs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>US land grant system for agriculture colleges</li> <li>USDA research</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Free trade agreements</li> <li>Technical and financial aid</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Agricultural total factor productivity</li> <li>Consistent poverty indicator</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>National mitigation plan</li> <li>Agriculture Safety net loans</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>National Food innovation hub</li> <li>Rural innovation and leader's program</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>EU Common market membership</li> <li>Collaboration with UN FAO and World Bank</li> </ul>						

## Contact

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We look forward to hearing from you.

